DALL-E A case study

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Generative models

- Two tasks of a generative model P(X)
 - Sampling: $x \sim P(X)$
 - Density estimation: P(X = x)



Deep Network

P(X)

Deep Network





Generative modeling is hard

• Density estimation P(X = x)

How to ensure
$$\sum_{x} P(x) = 1$$
 for all x

- Impossible to compute (in general)
- Sampling $x \sim P(X)$
 - What is the input to the network?



Deep Network

Deep Network





Generative models Two kinds of models

Sampling based $x \sim P(X)$

- Sample $z \sim P(Z)$
- Learn transformation
 - $P(x \mid z)$ or $f: z \to x$





Density estimation based P(X)

- Learn special form of P(X)
- Model specific sampling / generation





Tokenization

- Image [1]
 - Convert patch p_i of pixels into token $t_i \in \{1, ..., K\}$
- Text [2]
 - Convert set of characters into token
- Protein-sequence [3]
 - Convert local protein structure to token

[1] Neural Discrete Representation Learning. Aaron van den Oord, et al. 2017 [2] Language models are unsupervised multitask learners. Alec Radford, et al. 2019 [3] Simulating 500 million years of evolution with a language model. Thomas Hayes, et al. 2024



Vanilla autoregressive model



Tokenized autoregressive model





Tokenization A different view

- Convert
 - images \leftrightarrow streams of tokens
 - text \leftrightarrow streams of tokens
 - More in next section





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$$\leftrightarrow \quad \hat{t}_1 \quad \hat{t}_2 \quad \hat{t}_1$$



DALL-E

- Let's learn a generative model over text and image tokens
 - $P(\mathbf{t} | \hat{\mathbf{t}}) = P(t_1 | \hat{\mathbf{t}}) P(t_2 | t_1, \hat{\mathbf{t}}) \dots P(t_L | t_1, \dots, t_{L-1}, \hat{\mathbf{t}})$
- Where do we get image-text data from?
- What architecture do we use?

Zero-Shot Text-to-Image Generation, Ramesh et al. 2021





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DALL-E Dataset

- Image captioning dataset
 - Conceptual Captions [1]
 - 3.3 million text-image
 - OpenAl Internal data (the internet)
 - 250 million text-images pairs
 - YFCC100M [2]
 - Lots of cleanup

[1] Conceptual Captions: A Cleaned, Hypernymed, Image Alt-text Dataset For Automatic Image Captioning, Sharma et al. 2018 [2] YFCC100M: The New Data in Multimedia Research, Thomee et al. 2015



IMG_9793: Streetcar (Toronto Transit) by Andy Nystrom



Celebrating our 6th wedding anniversary in Villa Mary by Rita & Tomek



DALL-E Architecture

- Sparse transformer [1]
- Mixed-precision training
- Sharded Multi-GPU training
 - Pre-cursor to FSDP













DALL-E Results



a tapir made of accordion. a tapir with the texture of an accordion.

an illustration of a baby hedgehog in a christmas sweater walking a dog



a neon sign that reads "backprop". a neon sign that reads "backprop". backprop neon sign



china airlines plain on the ground at an airport with baggage cars nearby. a table that has a train model on it with other cars and things a living room with a tv on top of a stand with a guitars sitting next to





DF-GAN

DM-GAN

















Mar ..













a couple of people are sitting on a wood bench

a very cute giraffe making a funny face. a kitchen with a fridge, stove and sink a group of animals are standing in the snow.



































DALL-E Lessons learned

- Data is king
- Scaling matters
- Models can be simple

Zero-Shot Text-to-Image Generation, Ramesh et al. 2021





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References

- [1] Neural Discrete Representation Learning. Aaron van den Oord, et al. 2017
- [2] Language models are unsupervised multitask learners. Alec Radford, et al. 2019
- [3] Simulating 500 million years of evolution with a language model. Thomas Hayes, et al. 2024
- [4] Zero-Shot Text-to-Image Generation, Ramesh et al. 2021
- [5] Conceptual Captions: A Cleaned, Hypernymed, Image Alt-text Dataset For Automatic Image Captioning, Sharma et al. 2018
- [6] YFCC100M: The New Data in Multimedia Research, Thomee et al. 2015
- [7] Generating Long Sequences with Sparse Transformers, Child et al. 2019