

# Pooling

# Recap: Convolution

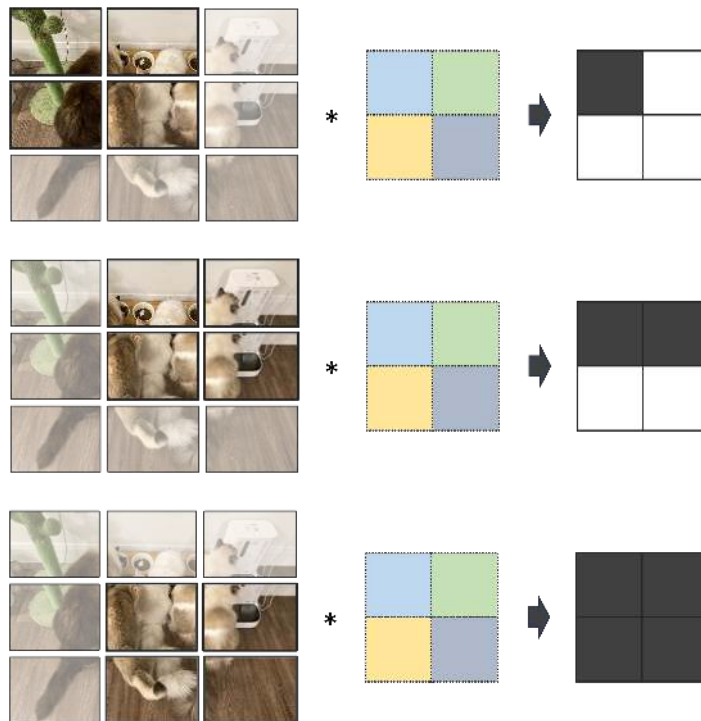
**Input:**  $x \in \mathbb{R}^{C_1 \times H \times W}$

**Output:**  $y \in \mathbb{R}^{C_2 \times (H-h+1) \times (W-w+1)}$

**Parameters:**

- Kernel:  $\omega \in \mathbb{R}^{C_1 \times C_2 \times h \times w}$
- Bias: (optional)  $b \in \mathbb{R}^{C_2}$

$$\underbrace{y_{i,j,k}}_{\text{output}} = \underbrace{b_i}_{\text{bias}} + \sum_{l=1}^{C_1} \sum_{m=0}^{h-1} \sum_{n=0}^{w-1} \underbrace{x_{l,j+m,k+n}}_{\text{input}} \cdot \underbrace{\omega_{i,l,m,n}}_{\text{kernel}}$$



# Recap: Convolution

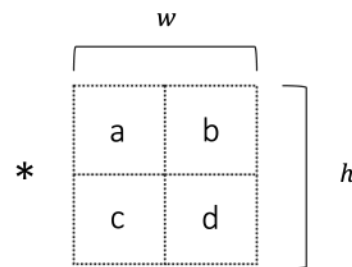
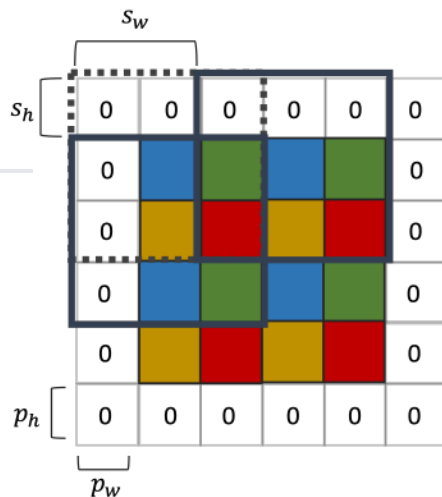
**Stride:**  $s_w = s_h$

**Kernel size:**  $w = h$

**Output channels:**  $C_2$

**Groups:**  $g$

**Padding:**  $p_w = \frac{w-1}{2}$  and  $p_h = \frac{h-1}{2}$



# Convolution - Linear Operator

Convolution is a linear operation *per output*  $o_{:,i,j}$

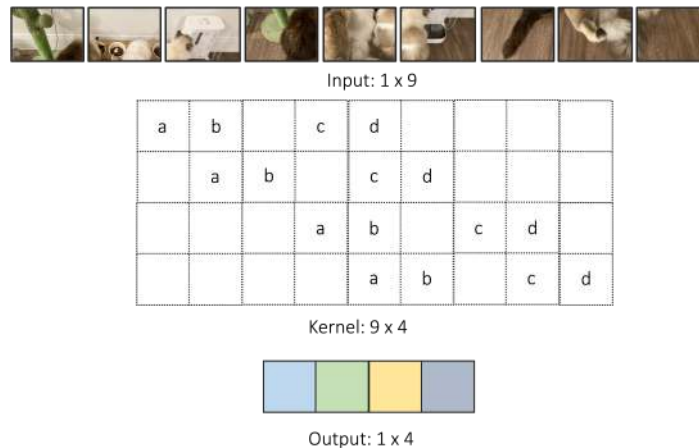
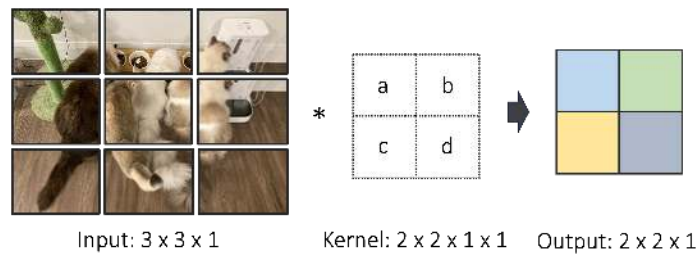
$$o_{:,i,j} = W \underbrace{\text{flatten}(x_{:,i \cdot s_w : i \cdot s_w + w, j \cdot s_h : j \cdot s_h + h})}_{w \times h \text{ image patch}} + b$$

more general

$$o_{:,i,j} = f(\underbrace{\text{flatten}(x_{:,i \cdot s_w : i \cdot s_w + w, j \cdot s_h : j \cdot s_h + h})}_{w \times h \text{ image patch}})$$

for

$$f(x) = Wx + b$$



# Convolutional Operators - Pooling

Slide a function  $f$  over image.

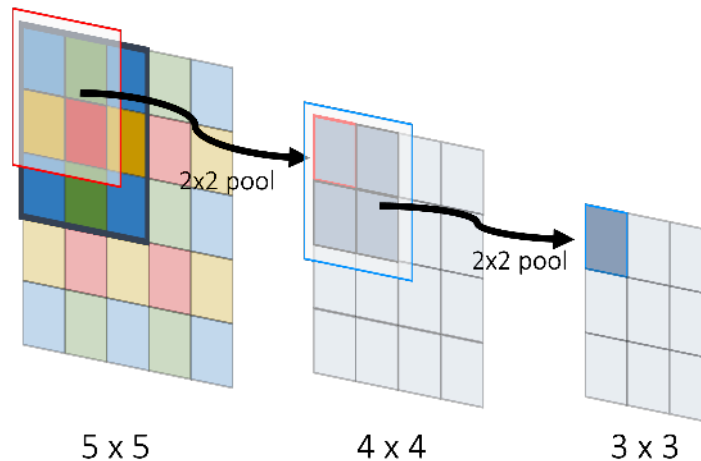
$$o_{:,i,j} = f(\text{flatten}(\underbrace{x_{:,i \cdot s_w : i \cdot s_w + w, j \cdot s_h : j \cdot s_h + h}}_{w \times h \text{ image patch}}))$$

for general  $f$ .

**Stride:**  $s_w = s_h$

**Kernel size:**  $w = h$

**Padding:**  $p_w = \frac{w-1}{2}$  and  $p_h = \frac{h-1}{2}$

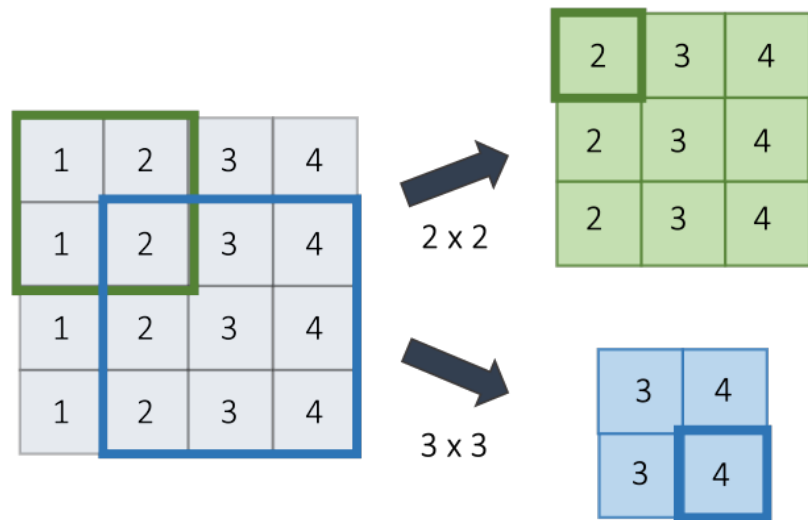


# Max Pooling

Slide a channel-wise max  $f(x)_c = \max(x_c)$  over image.

$$o_{:,i,j} = f(\text{flatten}(\underbrace{x_{:,i \cdot s_w:i \cdot s_w + w, j \cdot s_h:j \cdot s_h + h}}_{w \times h \text{ image patch}}))$$

- Non-linear



Max pooling

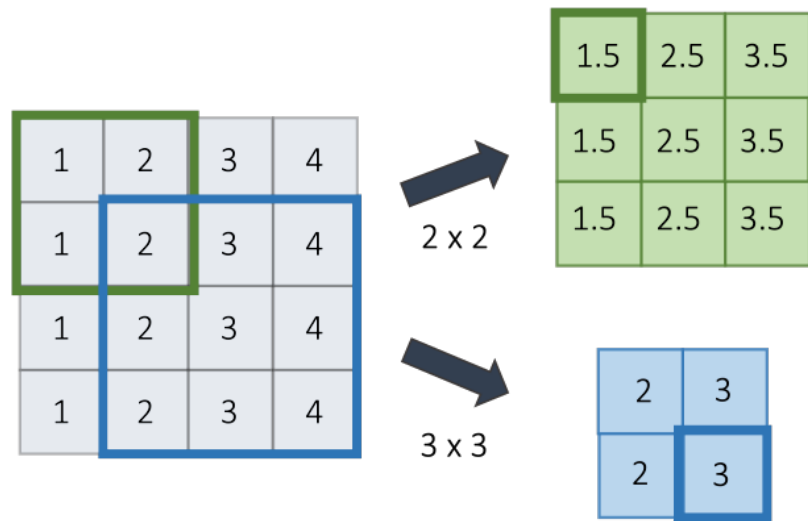
# Average Pooling

Slide a channel-wise average function

$$f(x)_c = \text{avg}(x_c) \text{ over image.}$$

$$o_{:,i,j} = f(\text{flatten}(\underbrace{x_{:,i \cdot s_w:i \cdot s_w + w, j \cdot s_h:j \cdot s_h + h}}_{w \times h \text{ image patch}}))$$

- Linear operation
- Equivalent to depthwise convolution with
  - $W = \frac{1}{wh}$
  - $b = 0$



Average pooling

# Global Pooling

Slide a function  $f$  over image.

$$o_i = f(\text{flatten}(\underbrace{x}_{\text{image image}}))$$

for general  $f$ .

Pooling with kernel size  $w = W$  and  $h = H$ .

**No Stride, Kernel size, Padding**

**Output without spatial dimensions**



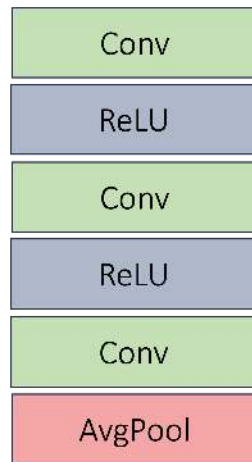
# Use Cases

Regular pooling no longer used

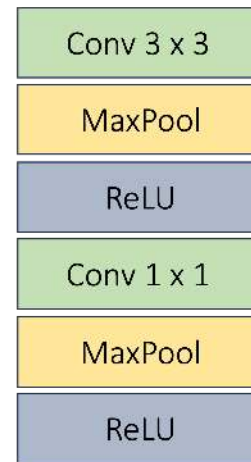
- Max Pooling is *historically* used **inside** a network
- Max pool works as a non-linearity layer <sup>1</sup>:

Global pooling uses

- Removes spatial dimensions
- Global Average Pooling at the **end**
- Global Max Pooling in PointCloud Processing <sup>2</sup>:



Average pooling in the End



Max pooling in the middle

1. Systematic Evaluation of Convolution Neural Network Advances on the ImageNet; Dmytro Mishkin, Nikolay Sergievskiy, Jiri Matas; 2017 [🔗](#)

2. PointNet: Deep Learning on Point Sets for 3D Classification and Segmentation; Charles R. Qi, Hao Su, Kaichun Mo, Leonidas J. Guibas; 2016 [🔗](#) 9 / 10

# Pooling - TL;DR

Convolution-like operator with arbitrary function